

Re-Entry & Infection Prevention

Healthy Building Strategies

Jaclyn Carpenter CEO May 13, 2020

Re-Entering your Workspace

- Employee and visitor screening
 - Visitor screening service
 - Temperature screening
- Janitorial
 - Preventative, reactive and disinfecting cleaning
 - Enhanced standards

- Building and office operations
 - Building readiness evaluation
 - Safety, compliance, risk assessment
 - Continuity plan
- Food and beverage
 - Food service adjustments



Re-Entering your Workspace

- Employee health & wellness
 - Welcome back kit
 - New workstyle support
- Delivery services
 - Amended mail service
 - Package delivery adjustments
 - Food delivery adjustments

- Space guidelines and adjustments
 - Re-entry strategy & implementation plan
 - Social distancing occupancy strategy and enablement
 - Workplace foot traffic management and way finding
 - Flexible space risk advisory
 - Workspace, meeting and collaboration space management

Your Team & Their Protection

• Who's on your team?



Your Team & Their Protection



- PPE (Personal Protective Equipment)
 - Secure PPE supplies
 - 1-2 masks per week, per person
 - 1-5 pairs gloves per day, per person
 - Train them on donning and doffing
 OSHA, CDC
- Awareness training
 - By Certified Industrial Hygienist
- 8 Steps of Handwashing







8 Steps of Handwashing

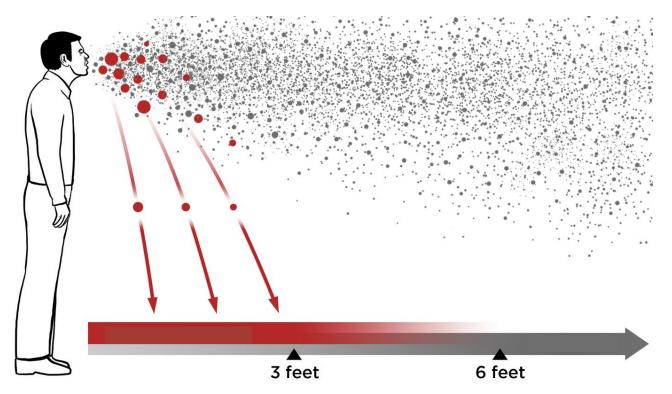




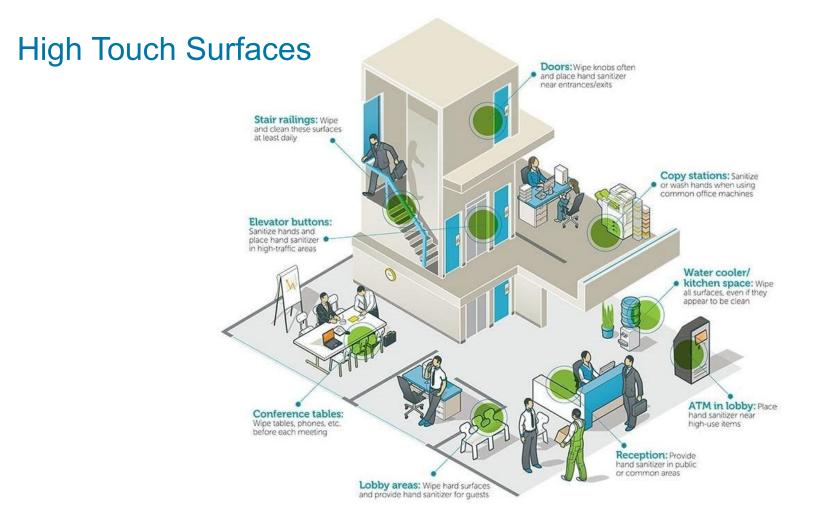


SARS-CoV-2 in the Workplace

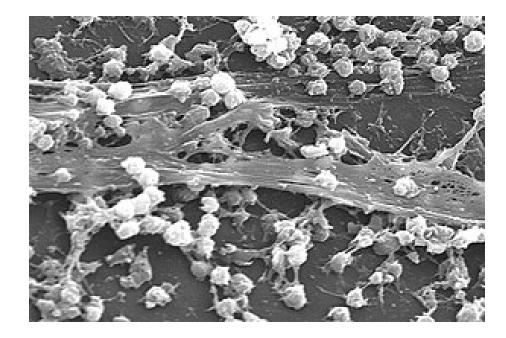
Shedding the Virus:



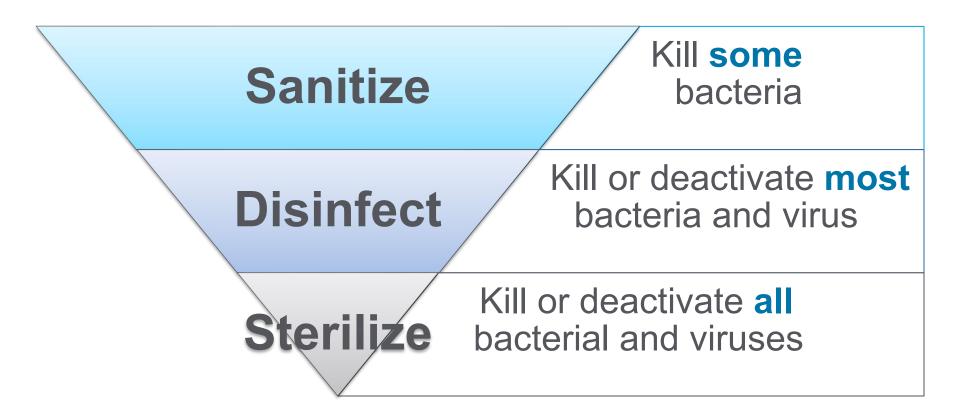




Biofilm shields SARS-CoV-2







Basic Disinfecting Process

Clean **Gross Cleaning** Mechanical wipe with detergent Dry surface Dry Remove moisture from surface Apply **Apply Disinfectant** Dilute exactly, apply evenly Dwell Dwell (Contact) Time • Let product sit wet on surface



ideal

Disinfectant Selection

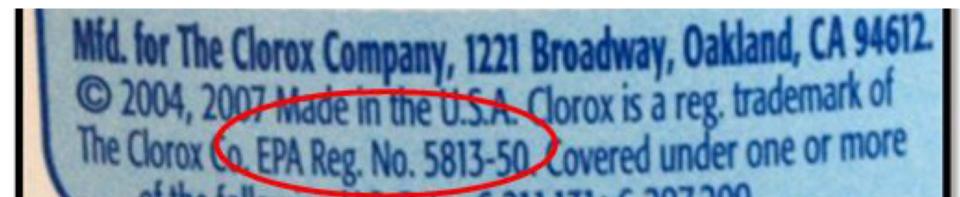


- EPA's "Emerging Pathogen: List N"
- Master Label
- Choose lowest dwell time
- Dilute v. RTU
- Review SDS



Finding Dwell Time or Contact Time







List N: Products with Emerging Viral Pathogens AND Human Coronavirus claims for use against SARS-CoV-2										
EPA Registration Number	Active Ingredient(s)	Product $ ext{theta}$ Name	Company Θ	Follow the disinfection directions and preparation for \oplus the following virus	Contact Time (in minutes	Formulation Type θ	Surface Types for Use ⊕ €	Use Site $ heta$	Emerging Viral Pathogen Claim?	Date Added to List N ⊕
Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search	Search
71700-2	Chlorine dioxide; Quaternary ammonium	SNiPER	Global Environmental Restoration Inc	Canine parvovirus	10	RTU	Hard nonporous	Healthcare; Institutional; Residential	Yes	04/09/2020

List N: Products with Emerging Viral Pathogens AND Human Coronavirus claims for use against SARS-CoV-2



ULTRA CLOROX® BRAND REGULAR BLEACH (EPA Reg. No. 5813-50) [REGISTERED AS (Insert Registered Alternate Brand Name)] VIRUCIDAL§ EFFICACY

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

§This product, when used as directed below, is effective against the following viruses on hard, nonporous, inanimate surfaces:

Adenovirus Type 2 Avian Influenza [virus] Type A [ATCC VR-2072]‡‡ Hepatitis [type] A Virus [ATCC VR-2093] [strain HM-175] Human Immunodeficiency virus Type 1 (HIV-1) [RF strain]‡ Respiratory Syncytial Virus [ATCC VR-26] [Strain Long] [Strain G] Herpes Simplex Virus [Type] 2 (Herpes) [ATCC VR-734] [Strain G] Rubella virus [ATCC VR-315] Feline parvovirus [ATCC 648]²⁰ Rotavirus [Strain WA] [ATCC VR-2018] Cytomegalovirus [ATCC VR-578] [Strain AD-169] Influenza A2 Virus (Hong Kong) [VR-544] Varicella zoster virus [ATCC VR-586] Rhinovirus Type 17 Canine parvovirus [ATCC 953]²⁰

Human Coronavirus [ATCC VR-740]

Directions for Use: Hard, Nonporous Surfaces:

To disinfect hard, nonporous surfaces: [First] Clean surface by removing gross filth (loose dirt, debris, food materials, etc.). Prepare a 2700 ppm available chlorine solution. Thoroughly wet surface with the solution and allow it to remain in contact with the surface for 5 minutes. Rinse with clean water and dry.

‡See directions in the Clorox Service Bulletin entitled "Special Instructions for Using Ultra Clorox® Brand Regular Bleach to Clean and Decontaminate Against HIV on Surfaces/Objects Soiled with Blood/Body Fluids".

²⁰For Canine and Feline parvovirus, use the same instructions as above but keep the solution in contact with the surface for 10 minutes.

Common Disinfecting Mistakes

- Trying to disinfect a dirty surface
- "Eyeballing" dilution ratios
- Failing to reach dwell time (contact time)
- Not knowing the shelf-life of the disinfectant
- Topping off diluted disinfectant bottles
- Mixing cleaning chemicals
- Contaminating new areas with dirty rag
- Lack of training & understanding





Pollution Liability Insurance



Anyone providing disinfecting services **must have** Pollutions Liability Insurance



Each policy has **different definitions** of a "pollutant"



Verify **no exclusion** for virus or communicable disease



Plan for an Outbreak



In-house Team v. Outsourced Specialists

Who is cleaning for:

- 1. Daily or weekly cleaning
- 2. Confirmed case

Decide now, so you can move forward with the plan.

Consider costs, staff exposure, staff time, risk and liability





Before you have an outbreak:



- Choose your specialty cleaning contractor
 - Walk building(s) before outbreak
- Administrative logistics
 - Pre-approved pricing
 - Insurance requirements met
 - Sign contracts before
- Drill with your team (fire drill)
 - Identifying path of travel
 - · Isolating these area
 - Decision: inhouse or outsource cleaning?

Everyone is an Epidemiologist or Environmental Disinfecting Expert Overnight

- Beware the door to door imposters selling everything from testing to disinfecting
- Beware of those who advertise using the words testing, sanitize, sterilize, eradicate
- Disinfecting can only guarantee a "moment in time"
- You can "wait out" the virus





